

Sveriges lantbruksuniversitet Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences

GOVERNING DOCUMENT

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General syllabus for the doctoral programme in the subject of:

BIOLOGY with specialisations

Valid as of 01/07/2016

| Department to which the study plan applies | Subject code: | |
|--|----------------|--|
| See appendix 2 | see appendix 2 | |

The objectives and design of courses in this subject may vary between faculties (see point 4. Miscellaneous).

Within the subject of biology ("biologi") living organisms are studied from molecular level up to process and ecosystem level. The subject includes living organisms' structure function, growth, evolution, identification, taxonomy, and how they spread and interact with other living organisms and the environment. At SLU anthropogenic aspects of biology and biological natural resources are of special interest.

[A general syllabus must indicate the following: the main content of the programme, specific entry requirements and any other regulations required. All general syllabuses must be approved by the faculty board.]

1. Programme content and scope

The programme has two main components: courses and the doctoral thesis.

Thesis work

While studying, the doctoral student is expected to conduct independent research which is to be presented in a compilation thesis written in English.

Courses

The student is required to take courses of 30–60 higher education credits (HEC) for a doctoral degree and 15–30 HEC for a licentiate degree. This must include suitable general courses as well as elective subject courses.

2. Specific entry requirements

Those admitted must meet the following specific entry requirements.

Specific entry requirements for the subject of biology are at least 90 HEC in biology-related subjects. This must include a degree project and at least 30 HEC must be at second-cycle level.

Overall rules for doctoral education at SLU

Third-cycle (doctoral) education is regulated by the Higher Education Ordinance (SFS 1993:100) and the Ordinance for the Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences (SFS 1993:221).

The local governing documents that regulate doctoral education at SLU level can be found on the page <u>Regulations and forms for doctoral education</u>.

The programme is organised in a way that allows doctoral students to meet the qualitative targets for third-cycle courses and programmes specified in the *Higher Education Ordinance's Appendix 2 – Qualifications Ordinance* (see appendix 1).

4. Miscellaneous

Each faculty offering the third-cycle subject can choose to specify specialisations or requirements in addition to the general syllabus. These requirements must be documented in an appendix.

5. Appendixes

Appendix 1- Higher Education Ordinance's Annex 2 – System of Qualifications

Appendix 2 - Faculty of Natural Resources and Agricultural Sciences, faculty-specific requirements

Appendix 1.

Higher Education Ordinance Appendix 2 – System of Qualifications.

Outcomes For the Degree of Doctor the third-cycle student shall *Knowledge and understanding*

- demonstrate broad knowledge and systematic understanding of the research field as well as advanced and up-to-date specialised knowledge in a limited area of this field, and
- demonstrate familiarity with research methodology in general and the methods of the specific field of research in particular.

Competence and skills

- demonstrate the capacity for scholarly analysis and synthesis as well to review and assess new and complex phenomena, issues and situations autonomously and critically
- demonstrate the ability to identify and formulate issues with scholarly precision critically, autonomously and creatively, and to plan and use appropriate methods to undertake research and other qualified tasks within predetermined time frames and to review and evaluate such work
- demonstrate through a dissertation the ability to make a significant contribution to the formation of knowledge through his or her own research;
- demonstrate the ability in both national and international contexts to present and discuss research and research findings authoritatively in speech and writing and in dialogue with the academic community and society in general
- demonstrate the ability to identify the need for further knowledge and
- demonstrate the capacity to contribute to social development and support the learning of others both through research and education and in some other qualified professional capacity.

Judgement and approach

- demonstrate intellectual autonomy and disciplinary rectitude as well as the ability to make assessments of research ethics, and
- demonstrate specialised insight into the possibilities and limitations of research, its role in society and the responsibility of the individual for how it is used.

Outcomes For a Degree of Licentiate the third-cycle student shall: Knowledge and understanding

 demonstrate knowledge and understanding in the field of research including current specialist knowledge in a limited area of this field as well as specialised knowledge of research methodology in general and the methods of the specific field of research in particular.

Competence and skills

- demonstrate the ability to identify and formulate issues with scholarly precision critically, autonomously and creatively, and to plan and use appropriate methods to undertake a limited piece of research and other qualified tasks within predetermined time frames in order to contribute to the formation of knowledge as well as to evaluate this work;
- demonstrate the ability in both national and international contexts to present and discuss research and research findings in speech and writing and in dialogue with the academic community and society in general, and
- demonstrate the proficiency required to participate autonomously in research and development work and to work autonomously in some other qualified capacity.

Judgement and approach

- demonstrate the ability to make assessments of ethical aspects of their own research;
- demonstrate insight into the possibilities and limitations of research, its role in society and the responsibility of the individual for how it is used, and
- demonstrate the ability to identify the personal need for further knowledge and take responsibility for their ongoing learning.

Appendix 2

Specific entry requirements at the Faculty of Natural Resources and Agricultural Sciences

Courses

According to the rules for doctoral education at SLU (<u>Regulations and forms for doctoral education | Medarbetarwebben</u>), all doctoral and licentiate degrees at SLU must include credit awarding courses of philosophy of science and research ethics at PhD-level. These courses should also cover rules on cheating and plagiarism.

Subject codes and definitions

Biology

Within the subject of biology ("biologi") living organisms are studied from molecular level up to process and ecosystem level. The subject includes living organisms' structure function, growth, evolution, identification, taxonomy, and how they spread and interact with other living organisms and the environment. At SLU anthropogenic aspects of biology and biological natural resources are of special interest.

| Departments offering this specialisation | Subject code |
|---|--------------|
| Soil and Environment | NJBIOL00 |
| Agricultural Research for Northern Sweden | NJBIOL03 |
| Aquatic Science and Assessment | NJBIOL04 |
| Forest Mycology and Pathology | NJBIOL05 |
| Ecology | NJBIOL06 |
| Plant Biology | NJBIOL07 |
| Crop Production Ecology | NJBIOL08 |

Biology with specialisation in ecology

Ecology is the study of how organisms interact with each other and their environment. The subject covers the study of relations between individuals of a species, their relations with other organisms and their abiotic environment. The biological adaption of single organisms, their importance for the transport of matter and energy through ecosystems and biodiversity in relation to the environment are also studied.

| Departments offering this specialisation | Subject code |
|--|---|
| Ecology Aquatic Resources Forest Mycology and Pathology Aquatic Science and Assessment Crop Production Ecology | NJBIEK00 and NJBIOL01 NJBIEK01 NJBIEK02 NJBIEK03 NJBIEK04 |

Biology with specialisation in entomology

Entomology is the study of insect biology at all levels, from the molecular to the role insects play in the ecosystem. The subject also comprises applied research on the specific role of pests and beneficial insects in the land-based industries.

| Departments offering this specialisation | Subject code |
|--|--------------|
| Ecology | NJBIEN00 |

Biology with specialisation in microbiology

Microbiology is the study of the physiology, metabolism, genetics, evolution and ecology of microorganisms. This specialisation covers the study of model organisms and isolates of individual microorganisms, populations and microbial communities as well as processes at organism and system level.

| Departments offering this specialisation | Subject code |
|--|--------------|
| Molecular Sciences | NJBIMI00 |
| Forest Mycology and Pathology | NJBIMI01 |

Biology with specialisation in molecular biology

Molecular biology is the study of biological structures and processes at molecular and cellular level, including concepts and methodology from biophysics, biochemistry, bioinformatics, genetic engineering and microscopy.

| Departments offering this specialisation | Subject code |
|--|--------------|
| Molecular Sciences | NJBIMO00 |

Biology with specialisation in biotechnology

Biotechnology is the study of how organisms and/or biological components such as enzymes and other proteins are used in various applications.

| Departments offering this specialisation | Subject code |
|--|--------------|
| Molecular Sciences | NJBITE00 |

Biology with specialisation in conservation biology

Conservation biology studies the effects of human activity on biodiversity and develops practices that counteract unwanted effects. This covers problem-solving and developing theories related to assessing threats and managing and restoring biodiversity.

| Departments offering this specialisation | Subject code |
|--|--------------|
| Ecology | NJBINA00 |

Biology with specialisation in plant pathology

Plant pathology is the study of organisms that cause diseases (pathogens) and how the interactions between these organisms and their host plant and environment lead to disease. The interplay between the pathogen and its host is studied at different levels of integration, including studies that lead to measures for controlling plant diseases.

| Departments offering this specialisation | Subject code |
|--|--------------|
| Forest Mycology and Pathology | NJBIVÄ00 |
| Crop Production Ecology | NJBIVÄ01 |