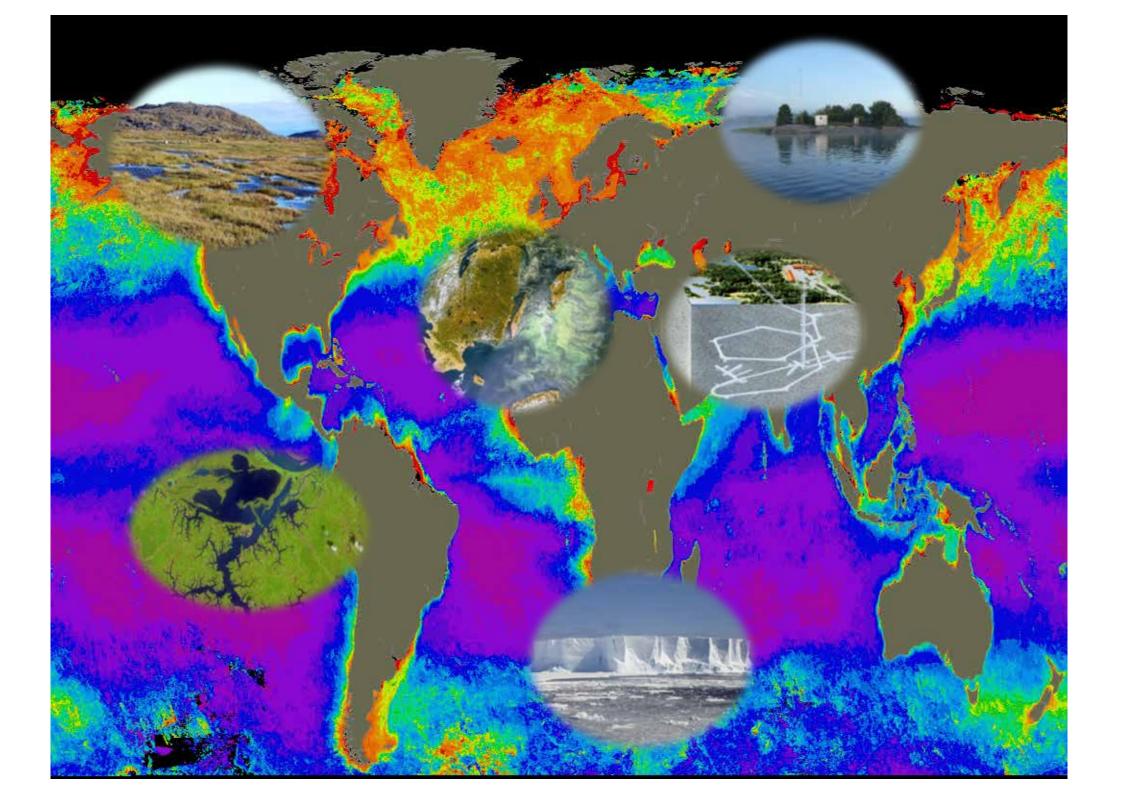
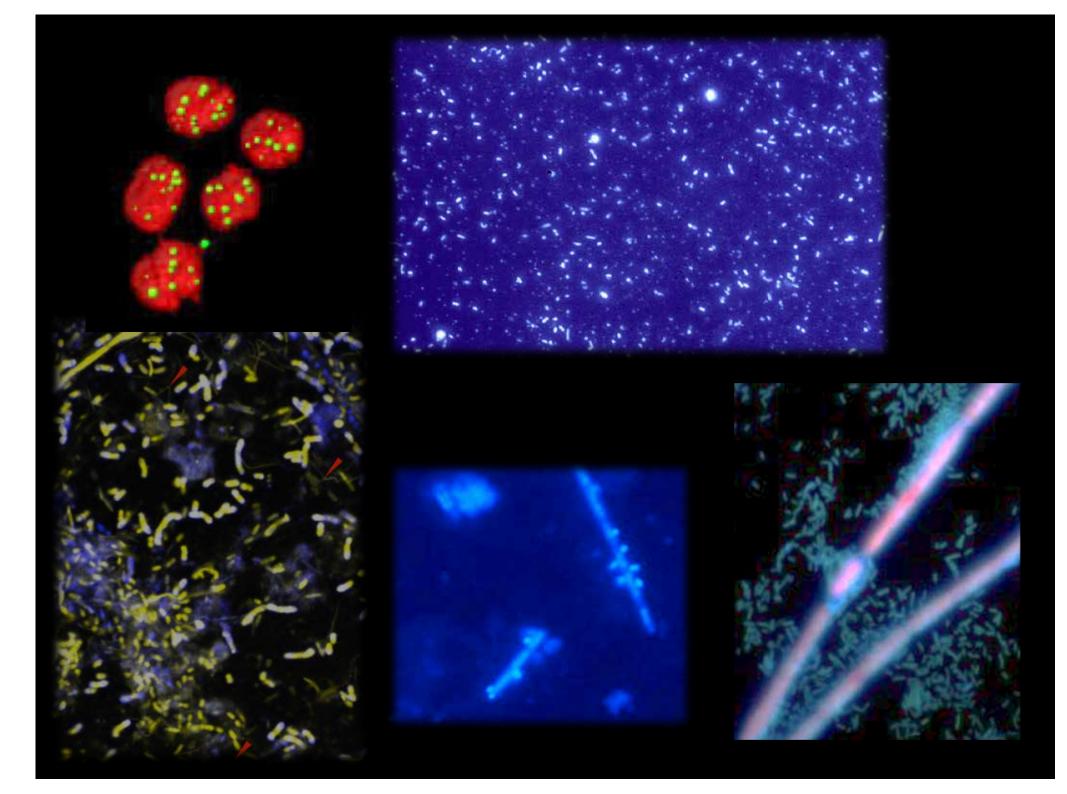
MICROBIAL PROCESSES AND DIVERSITY IN THE AQUATIC LANDSCAPE



STEFAN BERTILSSON

FUnctional **M**icrobial **E**cology group Department of Aquatic Sciences and Assessment, SLU



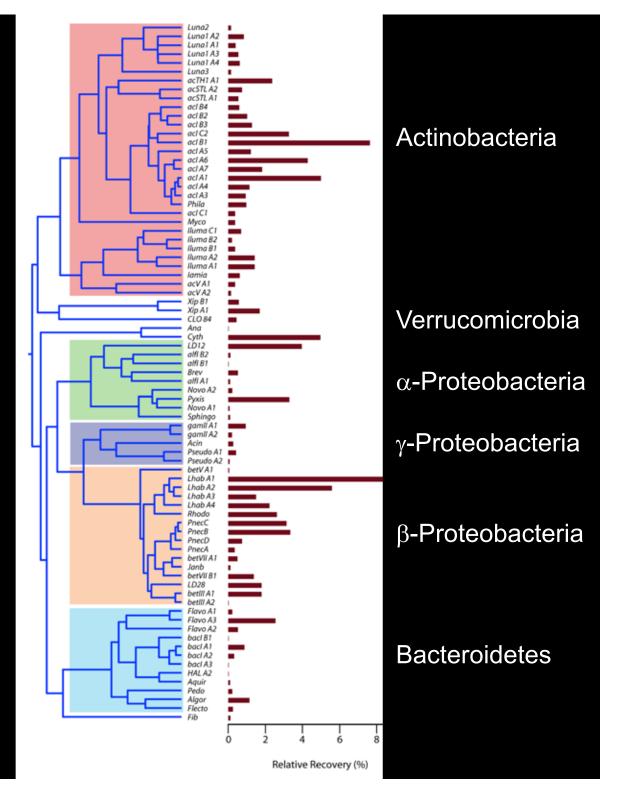




16S rRNA MARKERS TO CHARACTERIZE LAKE BACTERIA

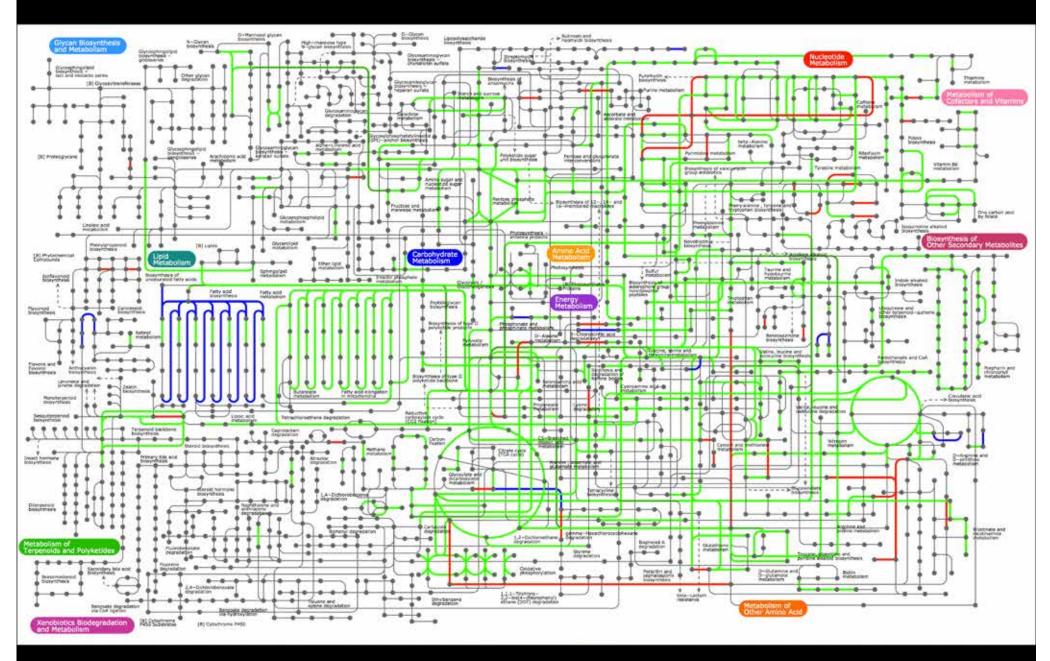
- PHYLOGENETICALLY DISTINCT
- WIDESPREAD (GLOBALLY)
- MOST ARE EXCLUSIVE TO FRESHWATERS

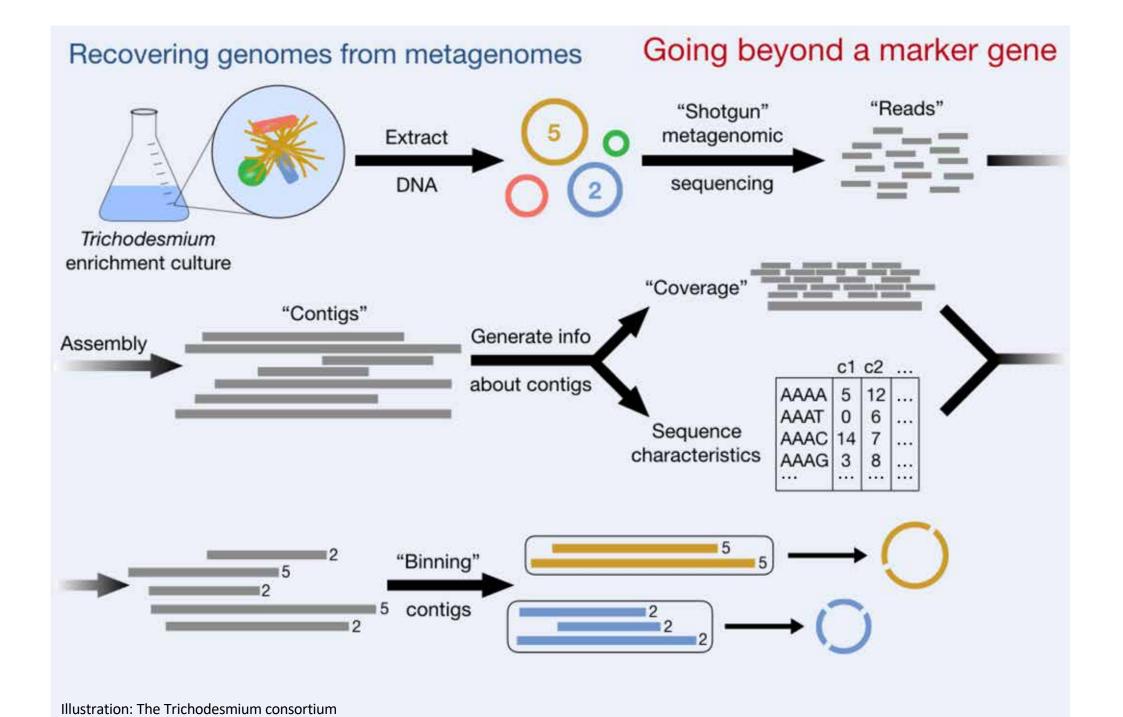
"TRIBES" BACTERIAL FRESHWATER

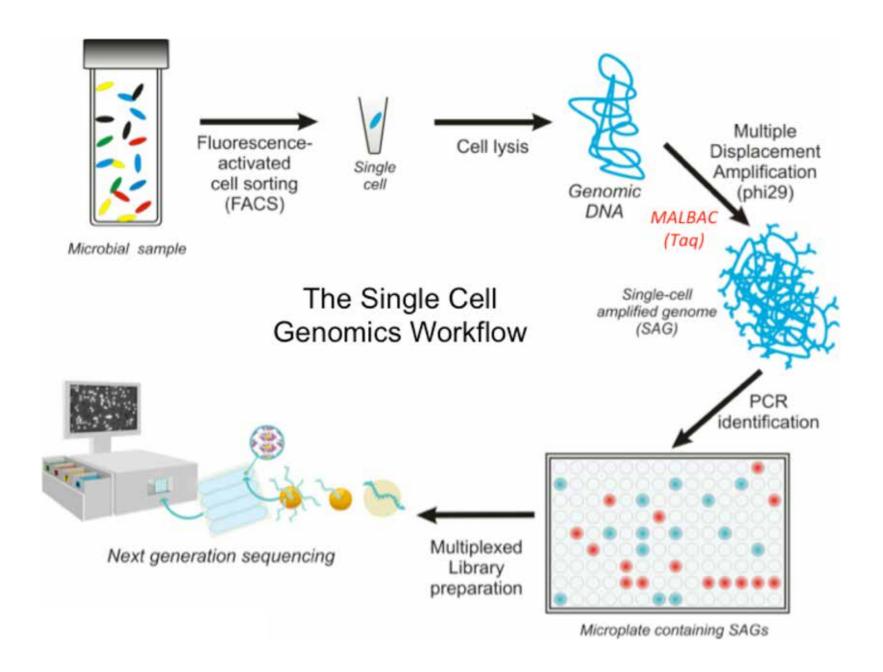


Newton et al., 2011, MMBR

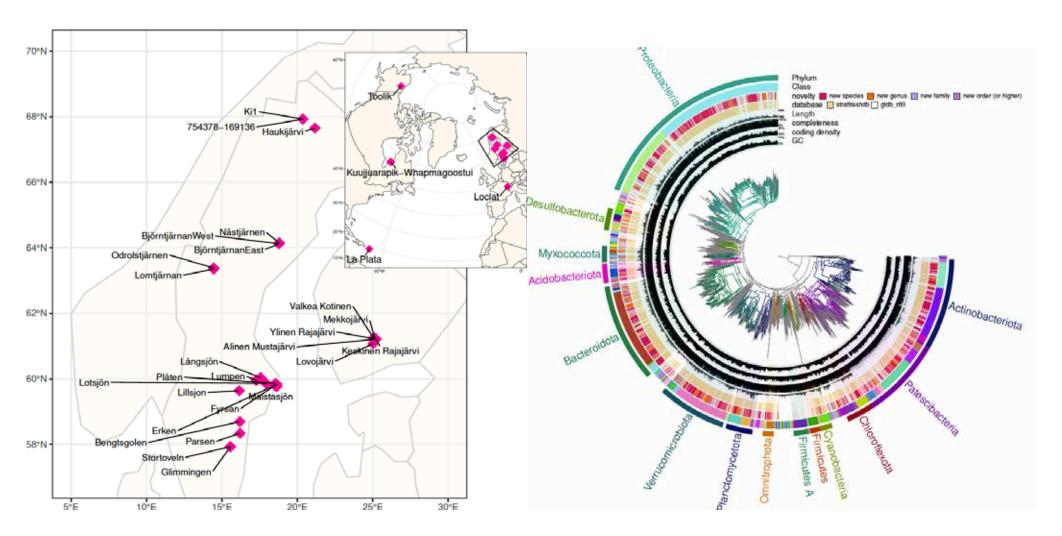
Metabolic function of the uncultured





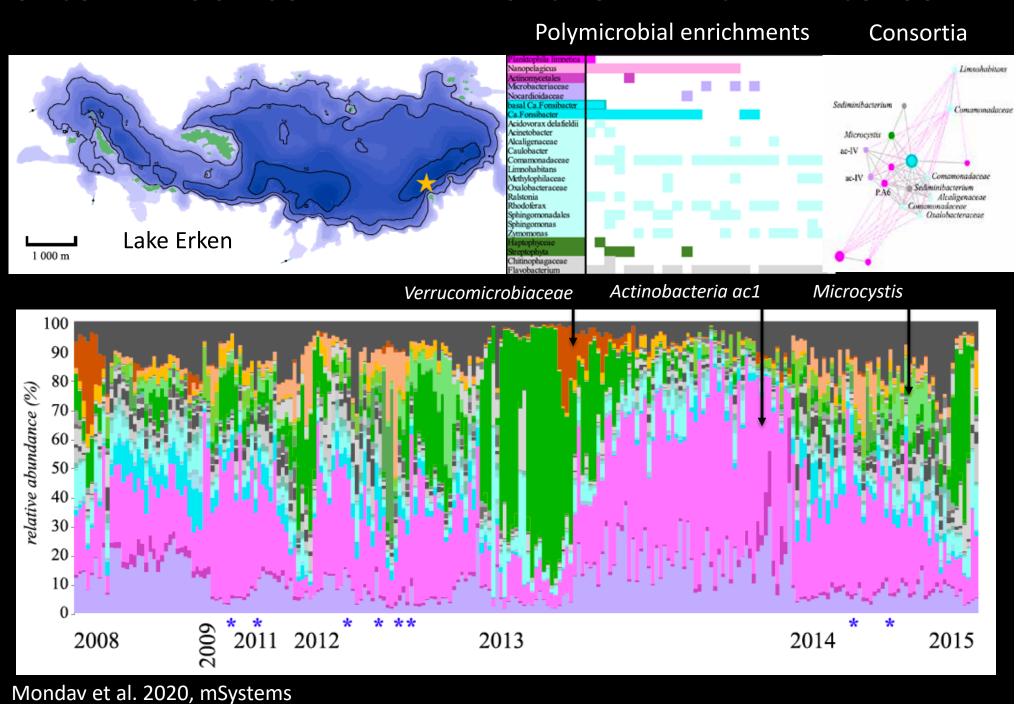


GENOMIC LAKE MICROBIOME INVENTORY

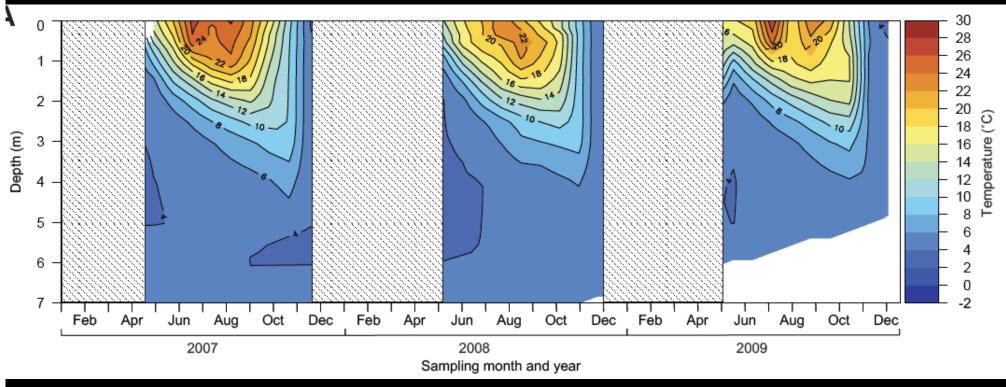


267 SHOTGUN METAGENOMES/ 3TBP AND COMPLEMENTARY SAGS 12.665 RECONSTRUCTED GENOMES GROUPING INTO 3640 mOTUs

UNCOVERING SEASONALITY AND FUNCTIONAL BACTERIAL CONSORTIA



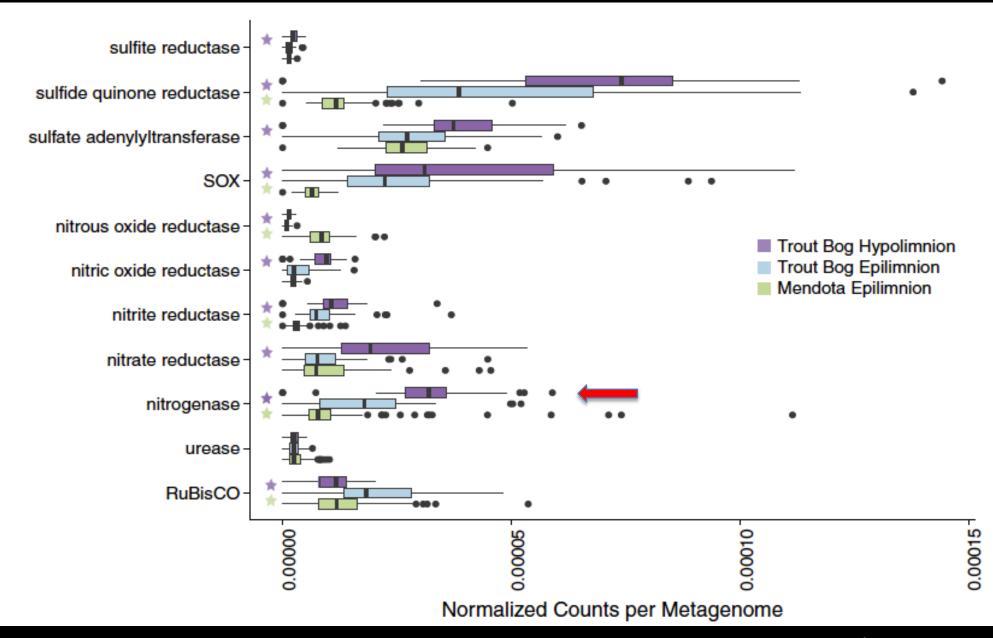
Metagenome time series



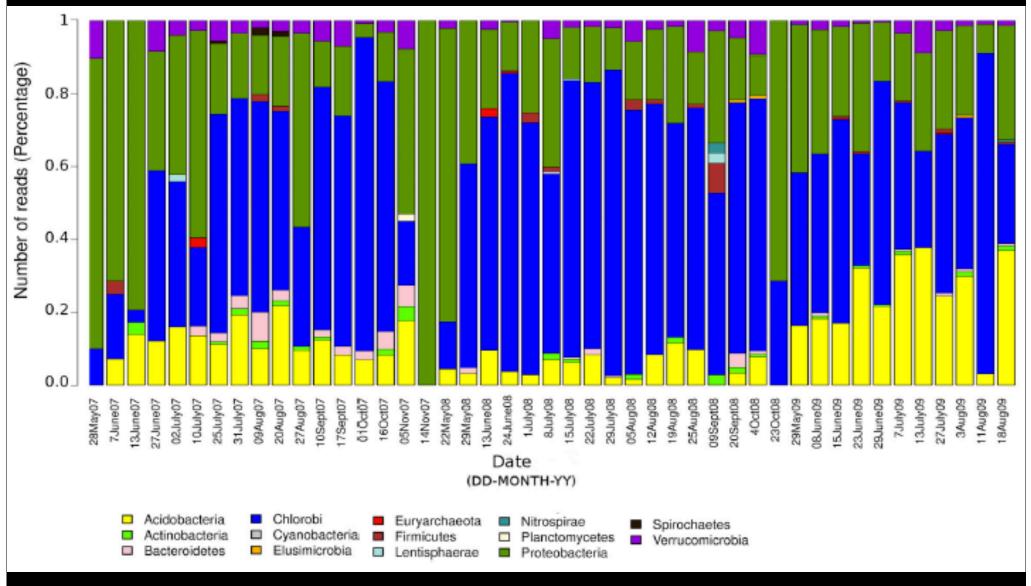


3-YEAR SAMPLING OF TROUT BOG LAKE

COMMUNITY-LEVEL DIFFERENCES IN METABOLIC TRAITS



SEASONAL DYNAMICS OF DIAZOTROPHS IN HYPOLIMNETIC WATERS

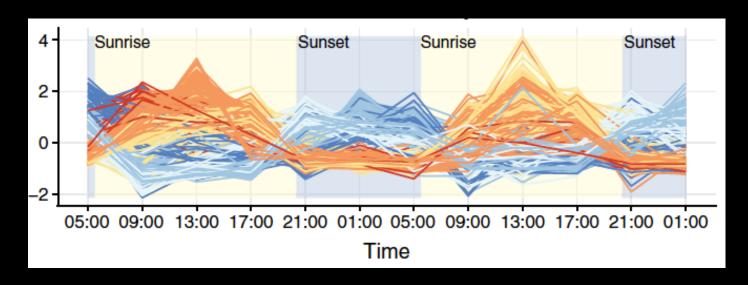


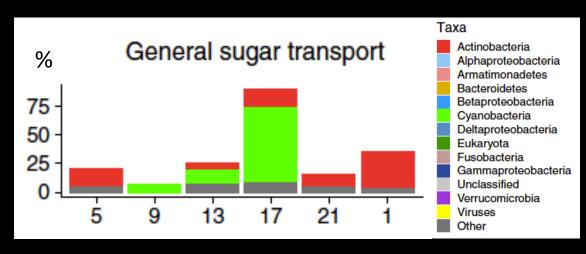
METABOLISM FUELING NITROGEN FIXATION?

-ANOXYGENIOC PHOTOSYNTHESIS (CHLOROBI)
-C1 METABOLISM (GAMMAPROTEOBACTERIA)

Fernandez-Vidal et al. 2020, Frontiers in Microbiology

Resolving diurnal shifts in lake microibial communites with metatranscriptomes







Time of day

Linz et al 2019, Limnol. Oceanogr.



Photo K.W. Anthony, Univ Alaska Fairbanks

Phosphorus availability as a contraint for under-ice methane oxidation?

Field observation: Under-ice methane oxidation only detected in high-P lakes (Denfeld et al 2016, J Geophys Res Biogeosciences) +

Follow up with P-amendment experiments to demonstrate causality (Samakuchi et al 2021, submitted)

MOX04

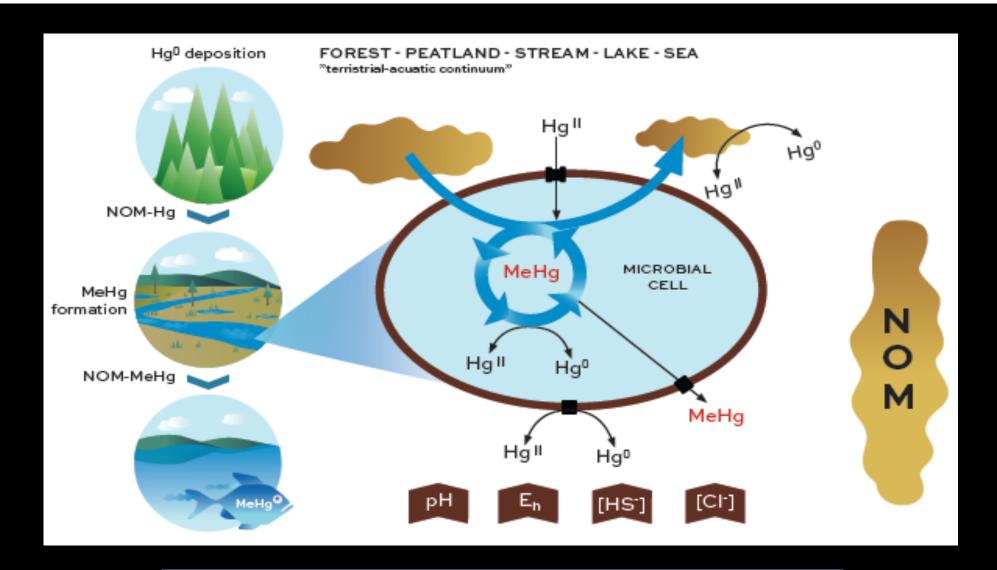
MOX08

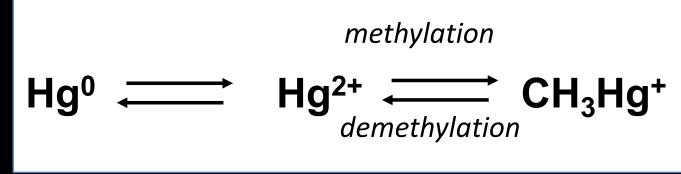
MOX12

Treatment

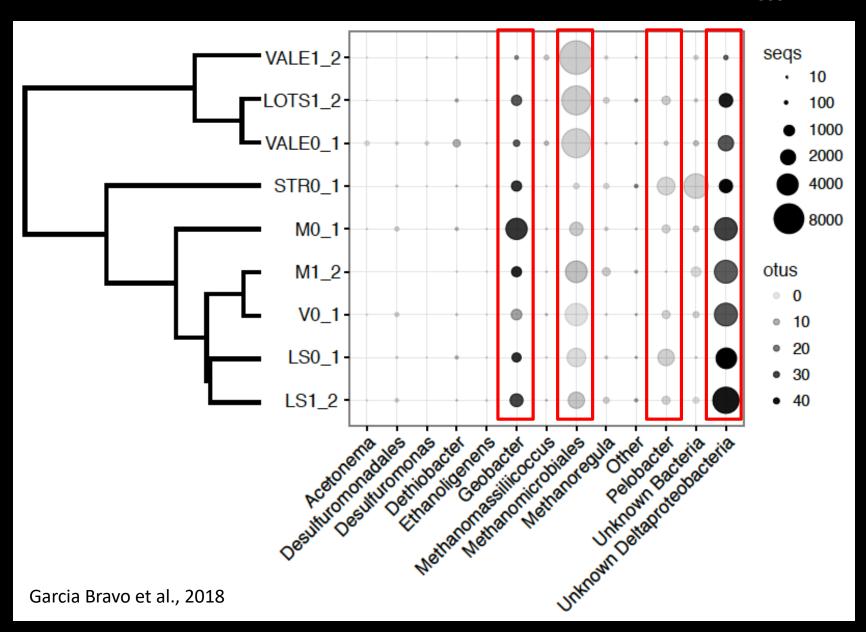
Key organisms: Methylobacter tundripaludum, Methylovulum psychrotolerans

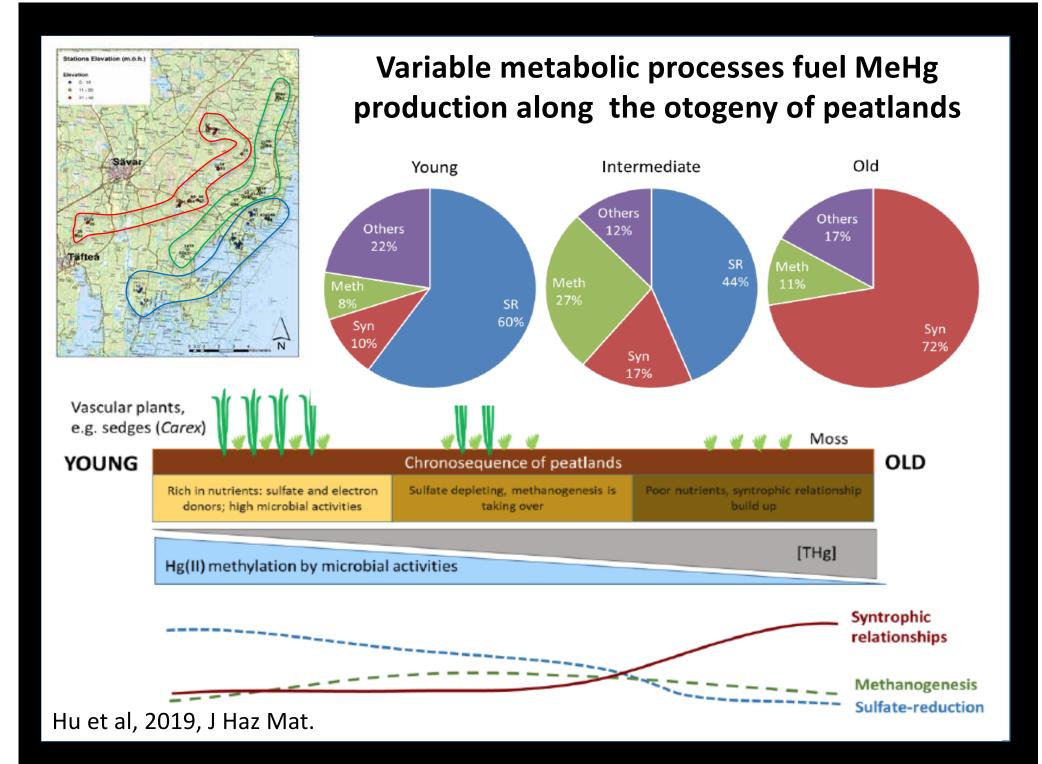
Lake ID	Lakes	DO (mg/L)	CH ₄ (μM)	TP (μg/L)	0.025 - 0.020 -	MOX01	0.100 - 0.075 -	MOX02	0.020 - 0.015 -	MOX03	0.5 - 0.4 -
MOX01*	Lumpen	6.7	0.08	14.9 +	0.015 - 0.010 -		0.050 - 0.025 -	. 🛶	0.010		0.3 - 0.2 -
MOX02*	Björklinge-Långsjön	11.8	1.14	9.9	0.005 -]0.020		0.005 -		0.1
MOX03*	Erken	13.4	0.12	24.6 +		N P		N P		N P	
MOX04*	Malstasjön	3.8	0.07	74.3 +	-1	MOX05	0.014 7	MOX06		MOX07	0.0100 -
MOX05*	Fyrsjön	8.6	0.07	10.5	0.015 -		0.012 -		0.05 - 0.04 -		0.0075 -
MOX06*	Plåten	3	0.04	14.7	0.010 - 0.005 -		0.008 - 0.006 -		0.03 - 0.02 - 0.01 -		0.0050 - 0.0025 -
MOX07*	Lötsjön	8	0.06	24.9	S 0.005 -	N P	0.004 -	N P	0.017	N P]
MOX08	Glimmingen	11.3	0.11	5.3							
MOX09	Stortoveln	10.6	0.24	5.3		MOX09		MOX10	[MOX11	
MOX10	Bengtsgolen	0	0.14	34.7	0.015 -		0.010 -		0.0100 -		0.010 -
MOX11	Lillsjön	5.9	0.16	15.9	0.010 -		0.008 -	=	0.0075 - 0.0050 -		0.008 -
MOX12	Parsen	4.2	0.1	15.8	0.005 -	<u> </u>	0.006 -	- -	0.0050	# _	0.006
•	·	-	•	-	-	N D		N D		N D	



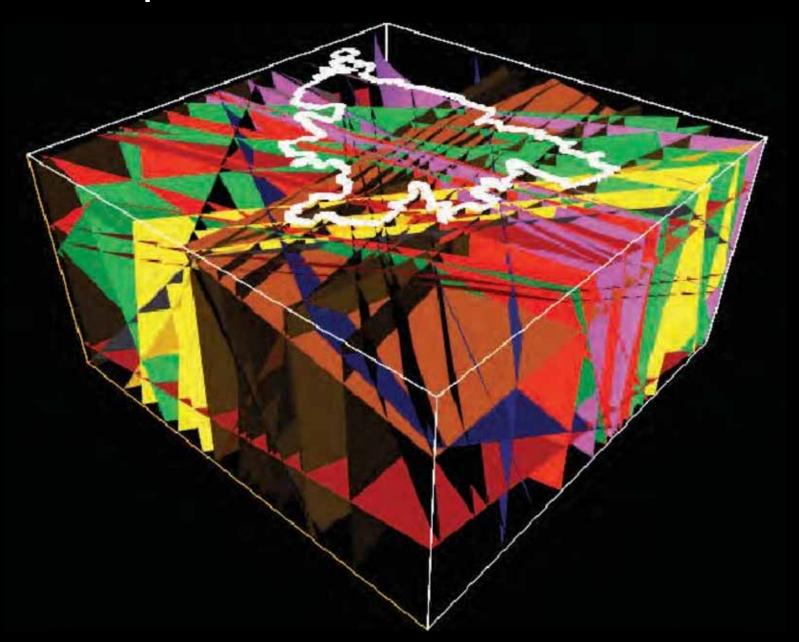


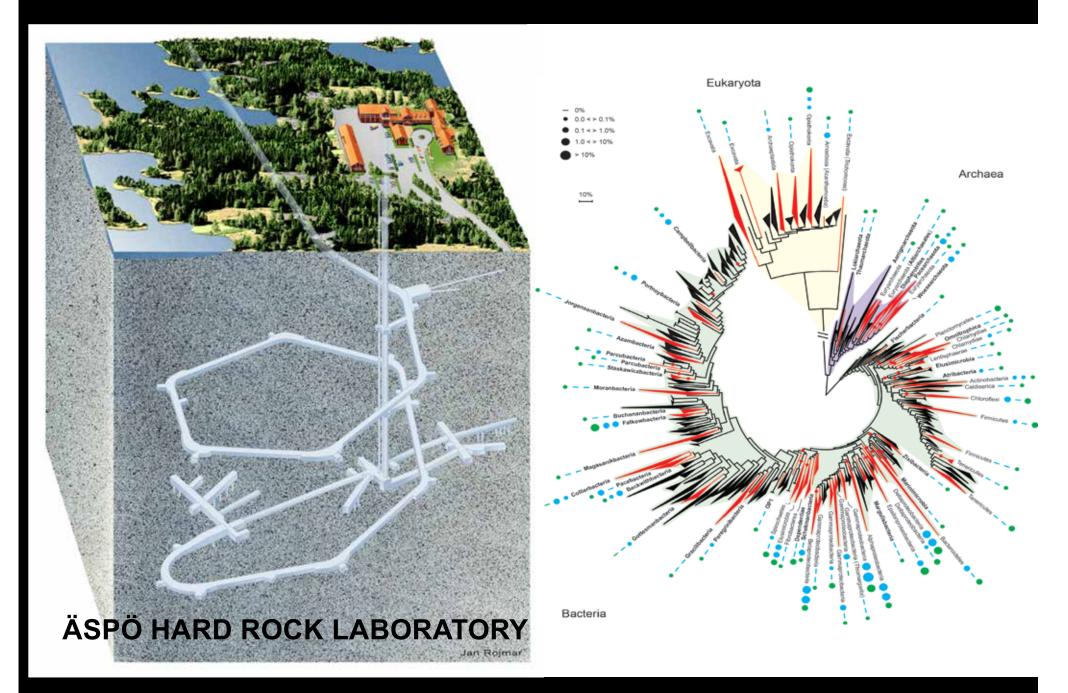
Taxonomic affiliation of hgcA genes in lakes with high methylation (k_m)



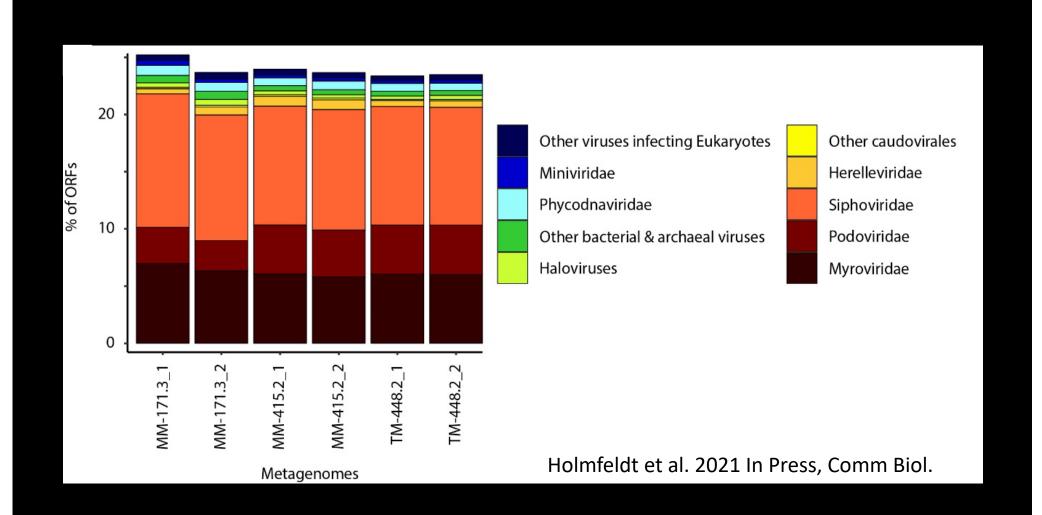


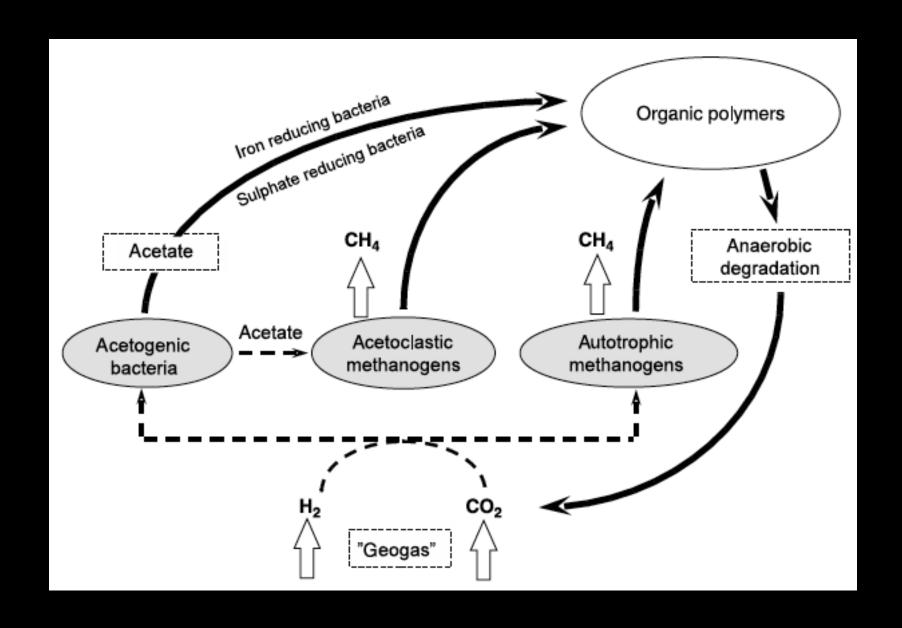
Fractures and isolation of aquifers in the deep terrestrial subsurface





Viruses in the deep? Yes!

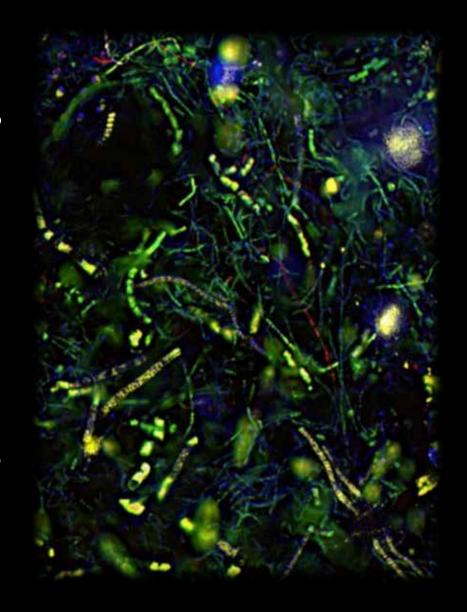




Conceptual model of the hydrogen-driven deep biosphere from Pedersen, 2010

AQUATIC MICROBIAL COMMUNITIES ARE TAXONOMICALLY AND FUNCTIONALLY DIVERSE, VARIABLE AND DYNAMIC.

LARGE SCALE SEQUENCING
APPROACHS CAN ADVANCE OUR
UNDERSTANDING OF THEIR
DIVERSITY AND FUNCTIONAL TRAITS





FUME:

FUnctional Microbial Ecology









Environmental virus profiling





Forskningsrådet Formas



Vetenskapsrådet





