Group discussions:

1. What useful take-home messages have we identified?
2. What of what we have heard would we like to have more of at LTV?
3. Are there things they (the three invited speakers) have said that would be hard for us to replicate? Why is that?
4. Choose 3-4 noteworthy findings you want to share with the rest of the group and present these on the flip-chart.

Group 1
Laura Grenville-Briggs Didymus, Kristina Santen, Georg Carlson, Jan-Eric Englund, Kristin Wegren, Aakash Chawade, Margit Nothnagl
Septimal funding? ${ }^{2}$ optimal $\sqrt{3 z}$ ?
$\Theta$ supportpurpose of subject groups have them? (not only administrative)flat structure - flexibility, openness knock down the walls in teaching, too!

-     - common resources - share - attitude.!mulagesanalys - look at the whole picture - not only subject areas $\rightarrow$ look at Ko
- model for a process for interdisciplinarity
- Pl:s work topether towards a common vision/mission - eg. gender equality m - operationalize SUU: and LTV: s strategy - bottom up
$\Theta$ senior adjunteter - Career tracks

Group 2
Rodomiro Octavio Ortiz Rios, Peter Anderson, Ramesh Vetukuri, Caroline Hägerhäll, Ingrid SarlövMerlin, Håkan Schroeder


INFRASTRUCTURE, EQUIPMENT, RESOURCES TO INCREASE SYNERGY AMONG GROUPS AT LT
2 ESTABLISHING, IN TE GRATED TEAMS W TH SHARED GOALS TO ADDRESS ISSUES NEEDING NATURAL AND SOCIAL SGIRNGES AND HAVING SHARED LEADERSHIP
3 CO-LEARNING HOW
TO DEVELOP INTER DISCIPLINARY TEAMS (FOR RESEARCH, EDUCATION, RESESRCH-DDU) DRIVEN BY SOCIETAL NEEDS ( $\epsilon$ G. SDGs)
4. HOW LTV STRENGHIENS RESOURCE MOBILIZA TIGN ( $=$ SEM) BY PURSUING PROACTIVELY COLLABORATIVE PARTNERSHIPS BEYOND ACADEMICS

Group 3
Thomas Prade, Kristina Karlsson Green, Mats Gyllin, Jean W.H Yong, Per Hofvander, Caroline Dahl, Christina Lunner Kolstrup

| Take hame <br> - Research group:, subject areas not necessendly werk that way <br> - Teachers career, teacher groups <br> - Socictal questions are conpler silos don't worle <br> - organize loose faneworte <br> - matrix structure <br> - yourng people get chance to crganize tundirs dictribution <br> - Matrix <br> Subject areas deoupled from rescarch groups better reflect society organisn-organisction <br> - Quality in leadership impertant <br> - Subject group as a team we are not there <br> Create research in frastructure, think about stimd <br> - Emphasiie connection research \& edrcation <br> Stratesic leadership how to build orsanieation <br> See so that people fit in matrix, feel at home <br> - Focks quality <br> - Leadership in allowing young researchers <br> - Profile areas to set a profile <br> - Stratesic distribution of Pundina | Have more of <br> - Matrix organisation for research questions <br> - Internal collaboration VS competition <br> - Critical mass <br> - Stratggic regruiting | Difficult to apply <br> - UPSC strueture from infrastucture point <br> - Multidisciplinary quality assesment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

* Common facilikes promote collaboration across departments
* Cross disa plinary propects
- across units e dep actmento
- acrasu subject bordes
* Strategic longterm finances
* Using this process to build strong rescarch ennionments

Group 5 (Zoom)
Vera Vicenzotti, Peter Witzgall, Kimmo Rumpunen, Stina Powell, Tomas Österman

- Shared infrastructure.
- Fast decision paths (including clear message from the management) and bulit-in possibilities for continuous change.
- Team spirit, strong teams, no competition -> builds strong groups and excellent research and education.
- Shared leadership - avoiding feeling of loneliness as a leader.
- Do we have enough strenght ourselves to make the changes needed or do we need external input.

Group 6 (Zoom)
Åsa Ahrland, Lisa Babette Diedrich, Marie Olsson, Karl Lövrie

- Build teams instead of support to individual researchers.
- Grow a culture that promotes cooperation rather than competition. direction
- Promote a more experimental route (e.g. regarding leadershop, structures and support, the physical environment) centrally through the allocation of internal funding.
- We have to continue the work to integrate education and research.
- Develop an environment with more flexible groups (corresponds to bulit-in possibilities for continuous change).

